

# Web-GIS application for analysis of georeferenced data

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# Why?

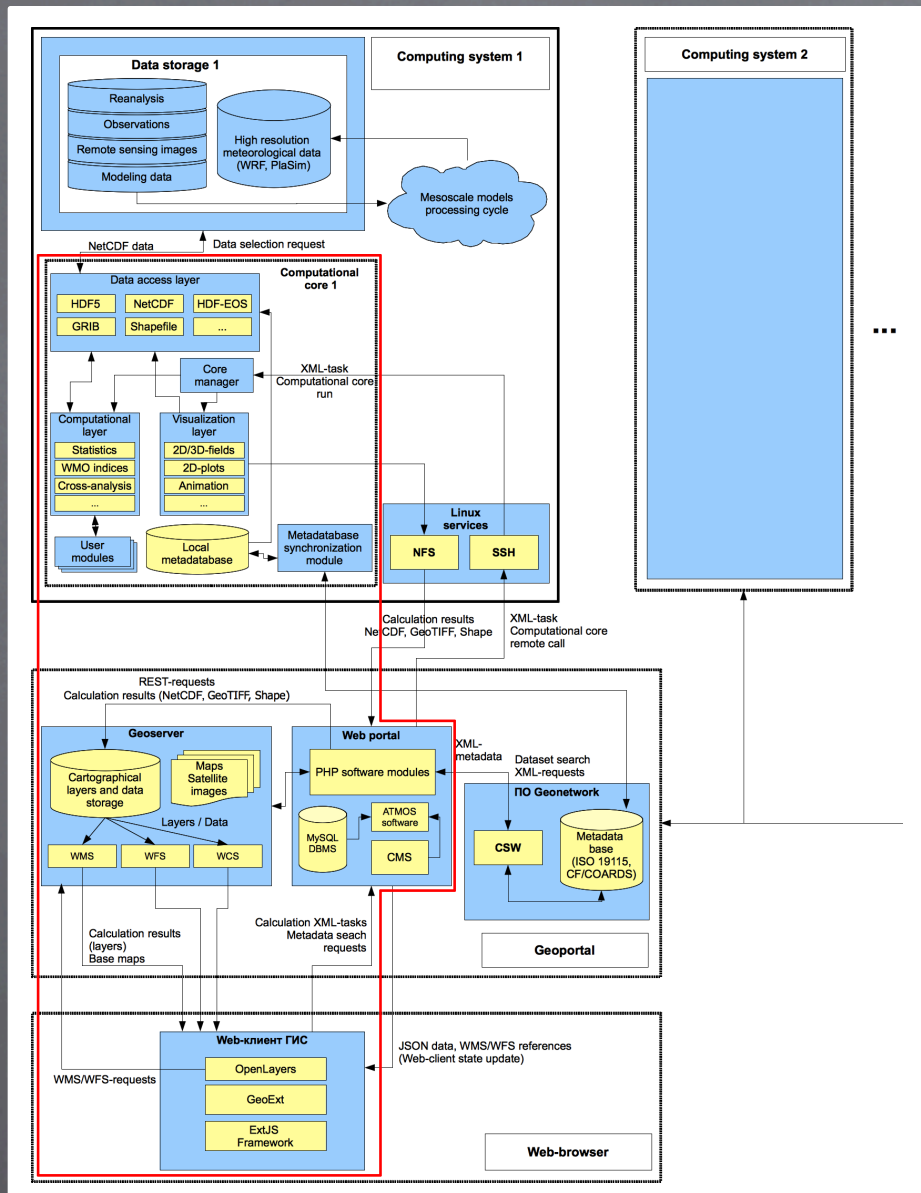
- Multidisciplinary, spatially distributed research process
- Different formats of datasets
- Spatially distributed datasets of huge size
- Special knowledge to access, search and process data is required
- Risk of possible using of unverified algorithms and data



# Approach

- Distributed archives of geophysical data (NetCDF/HDF5/GRIB)...
- ... accompanied by metadata
- Extensible modular computational core as a back-end
- Rich data processing capabilities
- High quality graphical output accompanied by raw data and metadata in SDF (OGC, ISO 19115)
- Internet accessible, user-friendly GUI, GIS functionality

# Software framework



- WEB-GIS GUI
- Web-portal
- Modular Computational Core (MCC)
- (Data archives)



# Web portal

(web-GIS engine, a bridge between GUI and MCC)

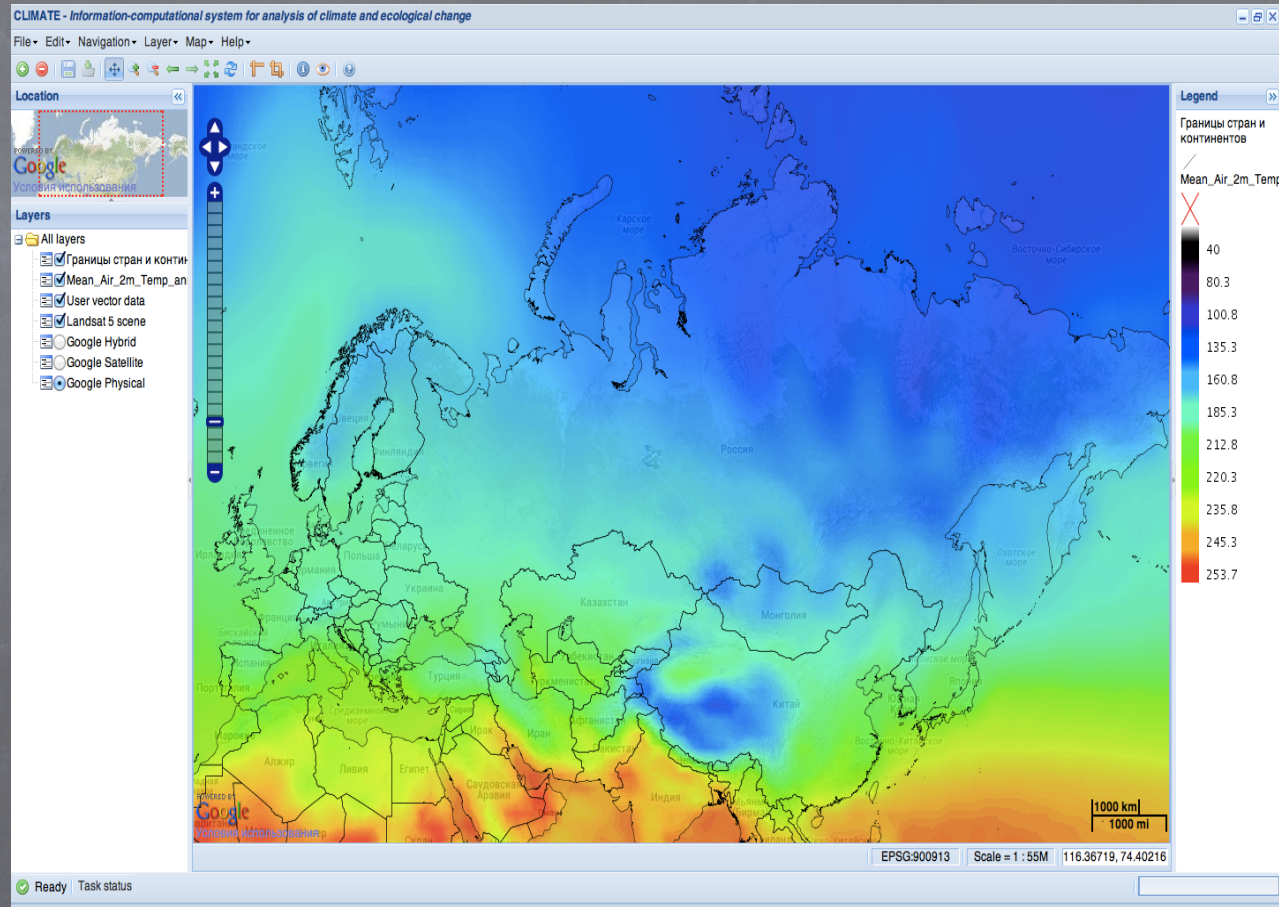
- Authorization
- Database integration
- Localization
- Content management system
- Geodata manipulation and access (OGC Standards)
- PHP-controllers, JavaScript libraries, DHTML

# Web-GIS GUI

(user interface)

Libs: ExtJS,  
OpenLayers, GeoExt

- Interactive map
- Menu bar, tool bar, status bar
- Layers list
- Legend panel
- Context menu





# GIS functionality

(currently implemented)

Provided by: GeoServer and OpenLayers software

- Map scaling, layers manipulations
- Region of interest selection, zoom, pan-and-scan
- Processing results, maps and satellite products can be used as a background
- WMS/WFS requests support

# Modular Computational Core

(modules management, produces output for web-portal)

- Language: GNU Data Language (GDL), Python
- Structure: object-oriented, modular, extensible
- Input data formats: netCDF, HDF5, ESRI Shapefile
- Graphical output: Encapsulated PostScript, GeoTIFF
- Raw data output: netCDF, ESRI Shapefile
- Provides: API for data access and visualization, pipelined modules execution



# Computational modules

(geophysical data processing)

- Minimum/maximum, range, average values, standard deviation, variance, RMS...
- Climate change indices: number of frost days, growing season length, number of icing days, monthly maximum/minimum of daily maximum/minimum temperature, number of summer days, number of tropical nights...

... more than 20 mathematical and statistical methods

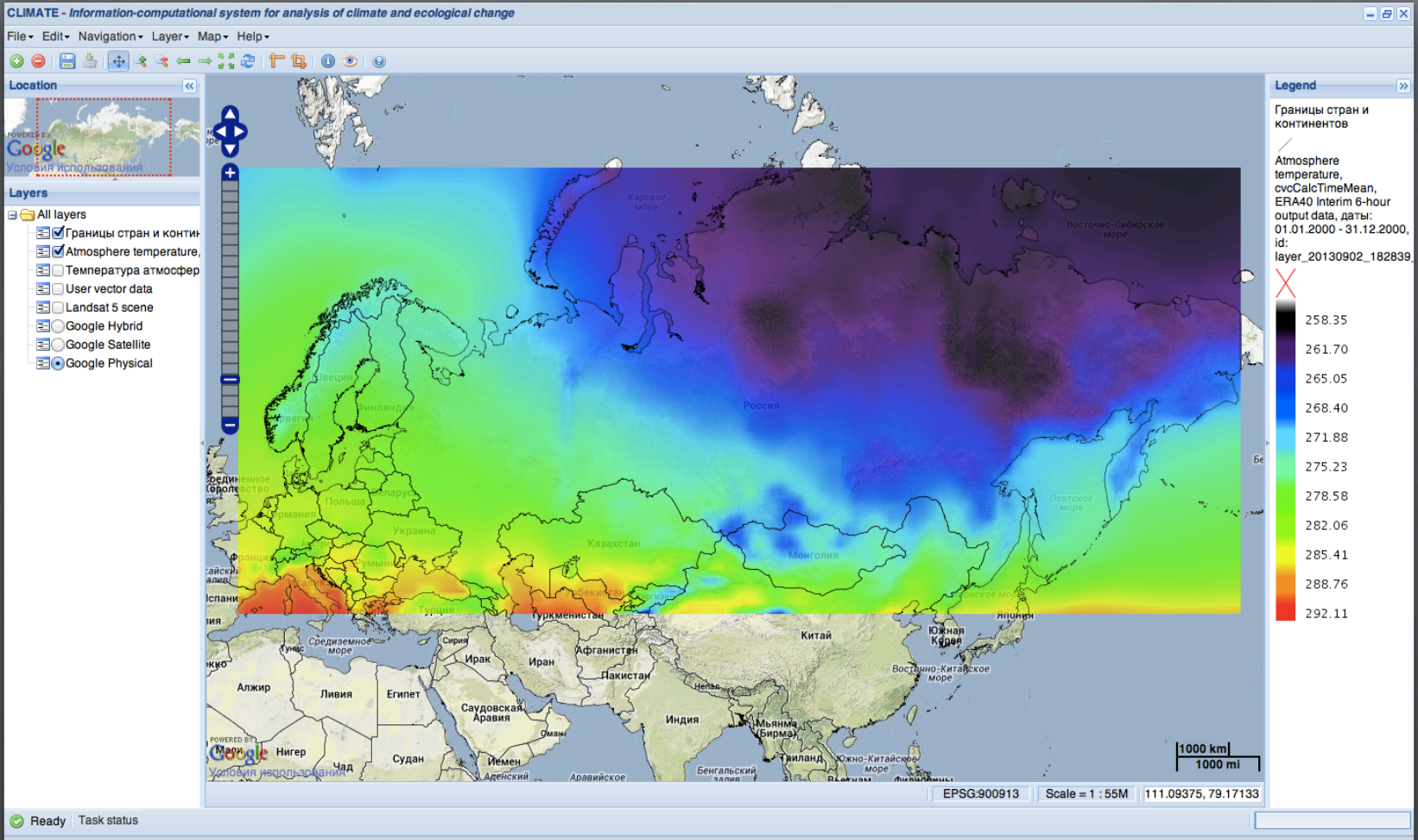
# Data archives

(currently used by the system)

Dataset	Source organization	Time coverage	Spatial resolution
NCEP/NCAR Reanalysis	NCEP/NCAR	1951 – 2001	2.5°×2.5°, 17 vertical levels
NCEP/DOE AMIP II Reanalysis	NCEP/DOE	1979 – 2003	2.5°×2.5°, 17 vertical levels
ERA-40 Reanalysis	ECMWF	1957 – 2004	2.5°×2.5°, 23 vertical levels
JRA-25 Reanalysis	JMA/CRIEPI	1979 – 2009	2.5°×2.5°, 23 vertical levels
NOAA-CIRES 20th Century Global Reanalysis Version II	NOAA/OAR/ESRL PSD	1869 – 2011	2.0°×2.0°; 24 vertical levels
APHRODITE Reanalysis	RIHN-MRI/JMA	1951 - 2007	0.25°×0.25°, precipitations only
Merra Reanalysis	ECMWF	1979 - 2000	0.67°×0.5°, 42 vertical levels
GPCC Reanalysis	GPCC	1901 - 2009	0.5°×0.5°, precipitations only
PlaSim dataset	IMCES SB RAS	2000 - 2100	2.5°×2.5°
Meteostations	RIHMI-WDC	1910 – 2011	600 stations for Russia and CIS



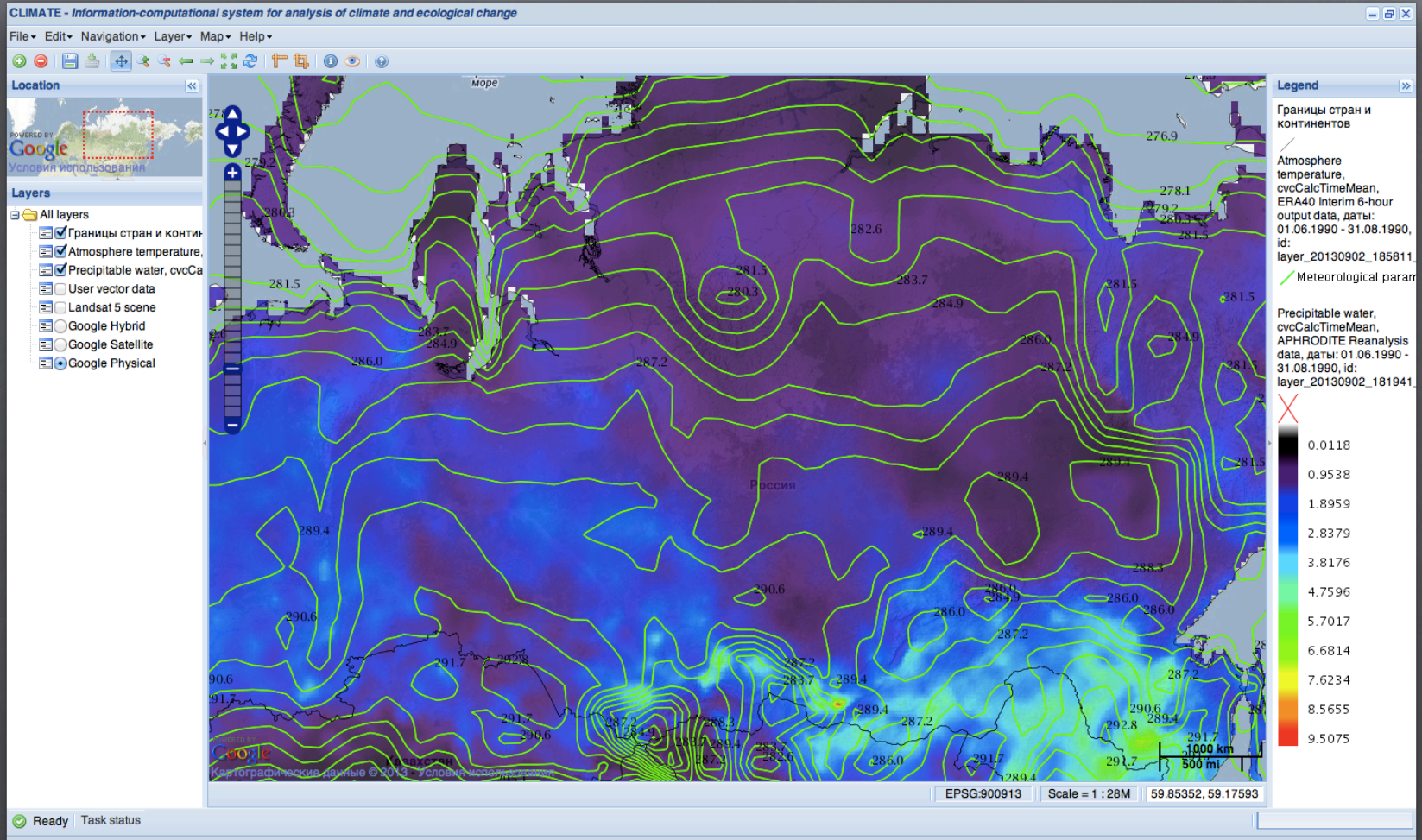
# Examples



Temperature at 2m, ERA Interim, average for 2000



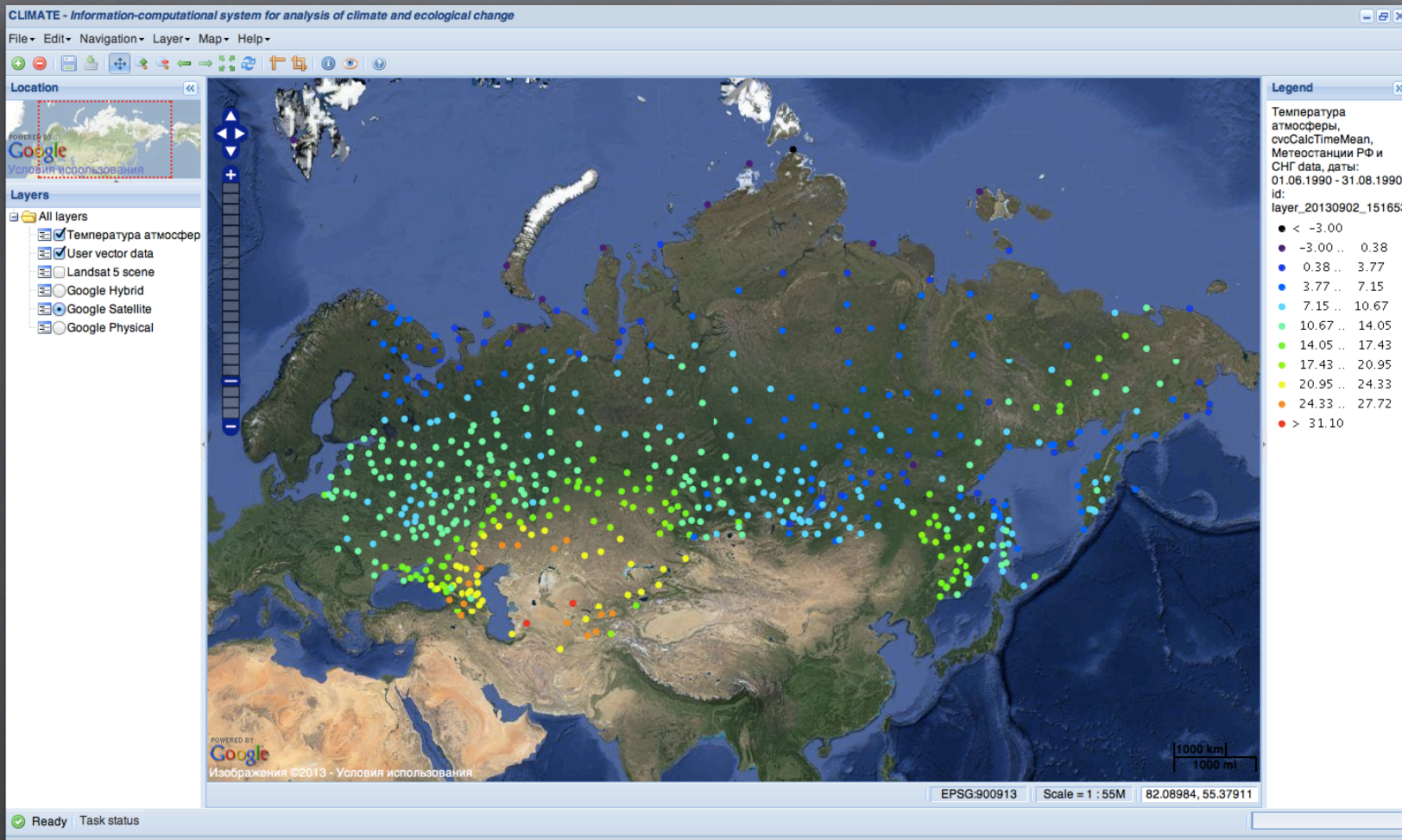
# Examples



Shaded - Precipitations, APHRODITE's project, average for summer 1990  
Contour – Temperature at 2m, ERA Interim, average for summer 1990



# Examples



Surface temperature, meteostations, average for summer 1990

# Examples


(limited models capabilities, for educational purpose only)

 **Модель Planet Simulator**

Модель Planet Simulator	
Выбор сценария	Control
Периодичность вывода результата в файл	раз в сутки
Периодичность вывода диагностической информации	раз в месяц (30 сут)
Длительность моделирования	100 лет

Запустить модель      Сбросить

Model "Planet Simulator"

 **Модель WRF**

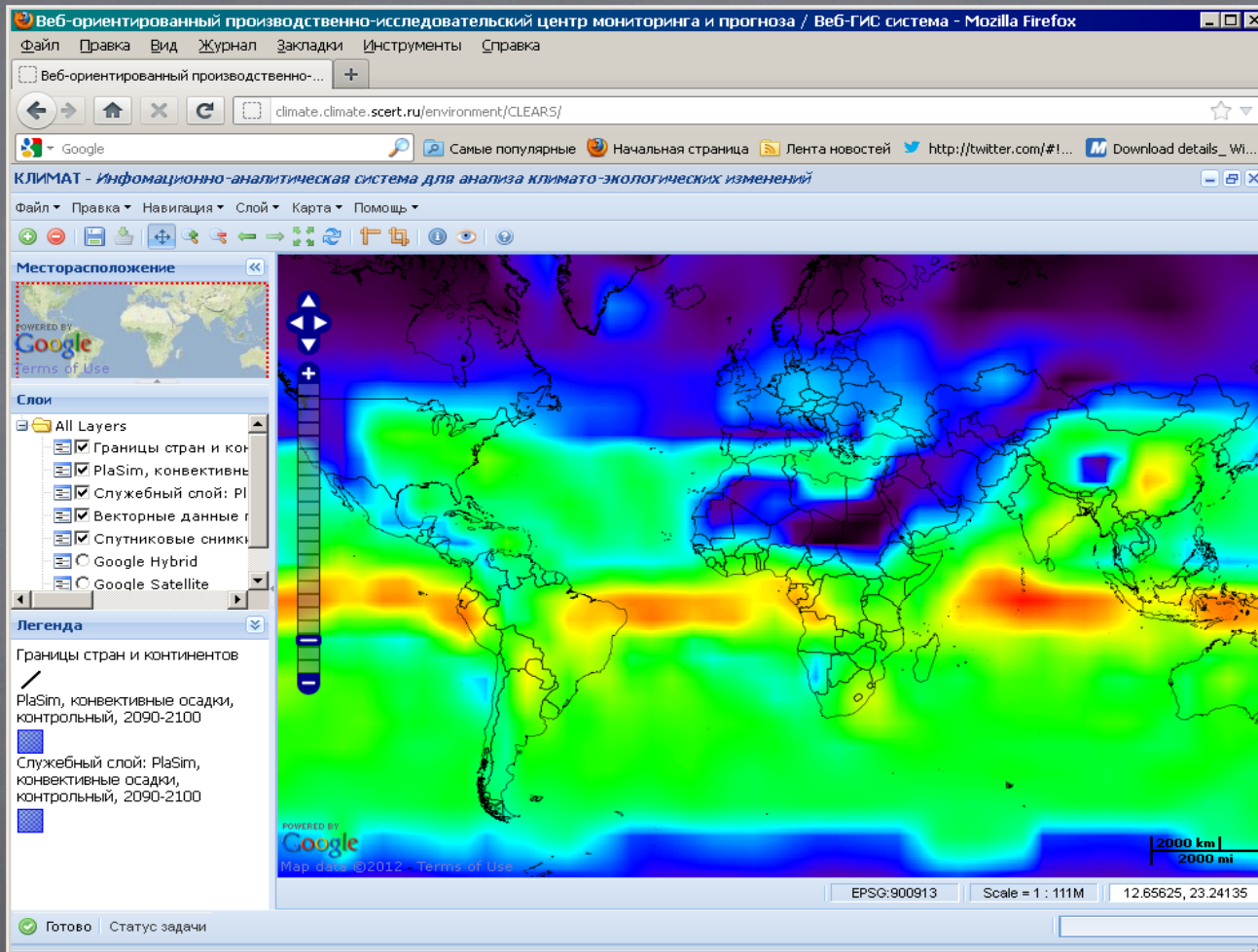
Модель WRF	
Регион	Произвольный
Долготный диапазон	<input type="text"/> ° - <input type="text"/> °
Широтный диапазон	<input type="text"/> ° - <input type="text"/> °
Начальные дата и время	1990    Июнь    02    00:00
Период моделирования	12 часов
Пространственный шаг по долготе, м	20000
Пространственный шаг по широте, м	20000

Выбрать    Сброс

Model "WRF"



# Examples



PlaSim modeling results, convective precipitations, climatic projection for 2090 – 2100

# Future plans

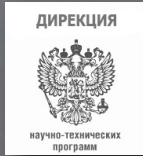
- More datasets: remote sensing, models, user data
- More processing modules, user modules support
- Supply graphical results with metadata files
- Metadata search
- Extend and improve GUI
- Web services and SDI



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Thank you for your attention!